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Extended Abstract
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The Unified Field 4-Dimensional Relativistic Dirac Equation

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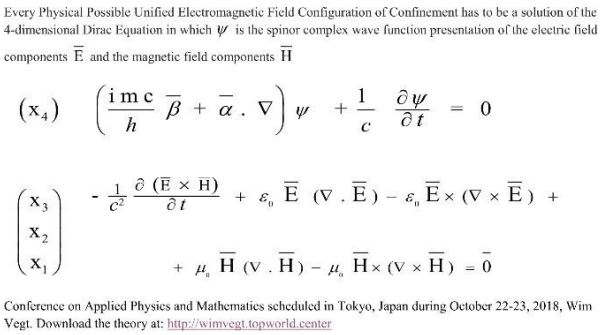
Abstract

Albert Einstein, Lorentz and Minkowski together published in 1905 the Theory of Special Relativity and Einstein published in 1915 his Unified Field Theory of General Relativity based on a curved 4-dimensional Space-Time Continuum to integrate the gravitational field and the electromagnetic field in one Unified Field Theory. Since then the Method of Einstein's Unifying Field Theory has been developed by many others in more than 4 dimensions resulting finally in the well-known 10-dimensional and 11-dimensional "string theory". The original Kaluza-Klein theory was one of the first attempts to create a unified field theory. After many years of research, the 11-dimensional Super String Theory did not lead to the fundamental answers on the fundamental questions in Physics. Why do elementary particles have the exact numbers for mass, charge and spin? To find answers a new path in Physics has been chosen. A path that has been based on a fundamental property in our universe. The fundamental property of Equilibrium.

The whole Universe is in a perfect Equilibrium. This fundamental property of Equilibrium has been extended to a 4-dimensional Hyperspace Continuum in which a perfect equilibrium persists in any of the 4 coordinate directions. The requirement of a 4-dimensional Equilibrium results in the outcome that the Dirac Equation is only one equation in a set of 4 equations. And that the Dirac Equation originates from an electromagnetic equation in the time-energy domain. This new 4- Dimensional Hyperspace Equilibrium Theory opens a new door to an unexplored field of mathematical and physical challenges. This theory is a new approach in physics based on a 4-Dimensional Hyperspace Equilibrium resulting in the 4-dimensional Dirac Equation.

Solving these 4 simultaneous equations requires an immense computer performance and offers the possibilities to find the answers to the fundamental questions in physics within a quantum mechanical 4- Dimensional Frame-Work.

Image



In physics, a unified field theory (UFT) is a type of field theory that allows all that is usually thought of as fundamental forces and elementary particles to be written in terms of a pair of physical and virtual fields. According to the modern discoveries in physics, forces are not transmitted directly between interacting objects, but instead are described and interrupted by intermediary entities called fields.

Classically, however, a duality of the fields is combined into a single physical field.[1] For over a century, unified field theory remains an open line of research and the term was coined by Albert Einstein, who attempted to unify his general theory of relativity with electromagnetism. The "Theory of Everything" and Grand Unified Theory are closely related to unified field theory, but differ by not requiring the basis of nature to be fields, and often by attempting to explain physical constants of nature. Earlier attempts based on classical physics are described in the article on classical unified field theories.

The goal of a unified field theory has led to a great deal of progress for future theoretical physics and progress continues.

Recent Publications

1. Vegt J W (1995) A Continuous Model of Matter based on AEONs. Physics Essays; Volume 8; Number 2: 201-224.Vegt J W (2002) the Maxwell-Schrödinger-Dirac Correspondence in Auto Confined Electromagnetic Fields. Annales Fondation Louis de Broglie; Volume 27; Number 1: 1-17
2. Vegt J W (2018) Photon-Photon Interaction. OSF: DOI: 10.31219/osf.io/gp69m
3. Vegt J W (2018) A Classical Electrodynamic Approach in Quantum Physics. OSF: DOI: 10.31219/osf.io/2ex4t

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4. Vegt J W (2018) Beyond Superstrings. The Origin of Electric Charge and Magnetic Spin. OSF: DOI: 10.31219/osf.io/9mwgh
5. Vegt J W (2018) The Unified 4-Dimensional Relativistic Dirac Equation. OSF: DOI: 10.31219/osf.io/axbdu

Adjoining markets don't work homogenously. Distant markets might surprise by being very similar. It's time to lift the lid on the dark matter of culture, and celebrate and leverage the real differences between nations.

We might not know the secret of the universe, but we know now the secret of why one particular car ad worked brilliantly in Bruges but flopped in Amsterdam (and it has nothing to do with the windmills.)

Biography

Wim Vegt graduated in 1973 his study Electro Techniques at the Polytechnics in The Hague in the Netherlands. Afterwards he studied Technical Physics at the Technical University Eindhoven in the Netherlands where he graduated in 1988. During his study Physics he was deeply motivated by the original way of thinking of Albert Einstein and his ideas about the curved 4-dimensional Space-Time Continuum and his ideas about Light. After his graduation he was involved in lecturing and fundamental research at the Technical University, Eindhoven, The Netherlands. He published in scientific journals like "Physics Essays" and French journals "Les Annales de Louis de Broglie".

His field of expertise is the "phenomena of light" balanced in a 4-dimensional hyperspace equilibrium and his focus of research was to find the secrets behind light and the impact on quantum mechanics in a 4-dimensional hyperspace quantum mechanical Frame Work.

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