

# Significant Functionality of the Tandem Repeats: Satellite DNA

Bin Zhao\*

Department of Chemistry, University of Tennessee, Tennessee, China

## Editorial

The duplicate of a short coded DNA code that is not coded is known as Satellite DNA. This repetition of the orphans is presented next to each other. Some repetitions can be of one type or more than one type. Satellite DNA is involved in the unencrypted fragment of DNA strands that can encode any protein. The satellite got its name because of the detection of DNA at a human gradient that was found to be in the centrosomic component of chromosomes, therefore, centromere and heterochromatin are said to be a rich source of these mutations. Due to the nature of coding it was initially thought to be unhealthy DNA; however it has been suggested by some that they will contribute to the functioning of chromosomes. Basic satellite pairs range from 1bp to a few base pairs. Aloid human DNA was found to have 170 basic pairs, while beta-satellite DNA is found in the chromosomes of 1, 9, 13, and 14,15,21,22 chromosomes and in the Y chromosome and 68 base cells as a complete set of chromosomes. Many copies of nucleic acids are available in a sequence of sequences involving DNA or RNA. The repetition of this sequence can be divided into the following three categories: Terminal Repetition, Terminal Repetition and Focused Repetition. Repetition of tandem is made up of arrangements close to repeated nucleic acids that may be of one type or more than one type. These duplicates of tandem include satellite DNA, microsatellite and minisatellite. Satellite DNA is a duplicate of coding. Microsatellite is a small repetition of the range ranging from a distance from 1-6 or more to two basic.

The Minisatellite is also made up of tandem multiplication but the difference in the length of the base pair consists of from 10 to 60

base pairs, five to fifty times from time to time. As these satellite repeats are often regarded as junk DNA or selfish DNA as taking part of the chromosome without being involved in any growth or solidification of living organisms, but recent research work on this topic has led to many changes in the minds of scientists involved. Many that one form or another of satellite DNA has some of the functions of nature. As they are rich in centromeric part and pericentromeric part of the chromosome and have certain control features designed for the centromere. They have a role to play in the production of heterochromatin. The distribution of A-T leads to the formation of heterochromatin and satellite DNA in rich regions is said to be very important for DNA packing in the heterochromatin region. Satellite DNA is also common in writing and is found in invertebrates, invertebrates and in plants transcribed into specific cells and tissues. Since satellite sequence sequences vary widely and vary widely, sequential directional signals are thought to be present in satellite DNA that accurately reflects genetic expression. This duplication of ideas is considered in the printing of DNA fingerprints because these duplicate parts vary from one individual to another and the diversity of the thesis is based on the use of fingerprint DNA. Therefore, this provides an opportunity to use alternatives in such a way as to be of great help in the development of the research field. Is used to identify criminals, to conduct paternal tests, and to identify genetic disorders.

**How to cite this article:** Zhao Bin. "Significant Functionality of the Tandem Repeats: Satellite DNA ." *J Genet Genom* 6 (2022) : 116.

\*Address to correspondence: Bin Zhao, Department of Chemistry, University of Tennessee, China E-mail: zhaobin835@nwafu.edu.cn

**Copyright:** © 2021 Bin Z. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the creative commons attribution license which permits unrestricted use, distribution and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.

**Received:** 02 December, 2021; **Accepted:** 10 December, 2021; **Published:** 22 December, 2021;