Recognition of the efficacy of relaxation program on sleep quality of mothers with premature infants
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Abstract: Background and Aim: The postpartum period is a critical then effects on the structure of the family. Most women in the postpartum period may place at risk of undesirable experiences such as changes in sleep patterns. Therefore, this study aimed to identify the efficacy of the relaxation program on sleep quality of mothers with premature infants. Materials and Methods: This study is a clinical trial that 60 mothers with premature infants. The mothers in the intervention group were trained for muscle progressive relaxation by Jacobson method within 24–72 h after delivery. Research tool was the Pittsburgh Sleep Quality Index, which was completed by the mother at the beginning of the study, end of the first and the second 4-week. Data were analyzed using parametric statistics tests by SPSS software version 16. Results: No significant difference was observed between two groups in terms of underlying characteristics (P < 0.05). The independent t-test at the beginning of the study showed that the comparison of the mean scores of mothers’ sleep quality has no significant difference between two groups (P = 0.43). But, 1-month after the intervention (P = 0.024) and 2 months after the intervention (P > 0.001), mean sleep quality score in the intervention group was significantly less than the control group. Conclusion: Relaxation training can improve mothers’ sleep quality at postpartum period. Key words: Postpartum period, relaxation, sleep quality

Biography: Soheila Karbandi is researcher at the Department of Nursing, School of Nursing and Midwifery, Mashhad University of Medical Sciences. She have presented his research topic in the 51st World Congress on Advanced Nursing and Nursing Practice organized at Sydney, Australia.

Publication:
The effect of relaxation training on breastfeeding self-efficacy of mothers with preterm infants: A randomized clinical trial
Social support in relation to fatigue symptoms among patients with multiple sclerosis
The Effect of Mother Empowerment Program on Mothers Attachment to their Hospitalized Premature Neonates
Evaluating the effectiveness of using a progressive muscle relaxation technique on the self-efficacy of breastfeeding in mothers with preterm infants
Effect of tactile-kinesthetic stimulation on weight gaining of preterm infants

Abstract Citation: Soheila Karbandi, Recognition of the efficacy of relaxation program on sleep quality of mothers with premature infants, 51st World Congress on Advanced Nursing and Nursing Practice, Developing New Knowledge on Nursing, March 16-17, 2020 Sydney, Australia