

Hom-Lie Algebras: Structures, Deformations, Classification

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Introduction

The study of algebraic structures has seen significant evolution, with Hom-Lie algebras emerging as a compelling generalization of classical Lie algebras. This body of research delves into various facets of these generalized algebraic systems, expanding their theoretical foundations and exploring their intricate properties. A core area of investigation involves the cohomology theory of Hom-Lie color algebras, which themselves are broad generalizations encompassing both Hom-Lie algebras and Lie color algebras. Researchers have developed a differential graded Lie algebra structure and a corresponding L-infinity algebra, offering a robust framework for comprehending the deformations inherent in these complex algebraic structures [1].

Further exploration into the deformation theory of Hom-Lie color algebras utilizes the Hom-Nijenhuis operator. This approach establishes crucial connections between these operators and trivial deformations, bringing new clarity to the rigidity and overall deformation behavior of these generalized algebraic structures [2]. Beyond color algebras, the representation theory of Hom-Lie algebras forms another vital research avenue. This work examines how these representations undergo deformation under various conditions, providing essential insights into how these generalized Lie algebras operate on vector spaces, a concept fundamental for diverse applications, particularly in physics [3].

The scope of cohomology theory expands even further to encompass Hom-Lie-Yamaguti algebras. These algebras represent an additional generalization, integrating a ternary bracket structure. This research develops the specific cohomology complex for these systems and investigates their deformations, presenting a unified methodology for tackling these complex algebraic structures [4]. Concurrently, structural aspects of Hom-Lie algebras are probed through detailed classification efforts. One study meticulously classifies Hom-Lie algebras that possess a finite-dimensional simple quotient. This work identifies critical structural attributes distinguishing these algebras within the broader Hom-Lie family and provides analytical tools for their examination [5].

The realm of Hom-Lie algebras also extends into superalgebraic settings with the introduction of Hom-Lie superbialgebras and the Hom-Lie super-Yang-Baxter equation. These foundational concepts adapt structures from classical Lie algebras to the generalized Hom-Lie superalgebra context. This provides a coherent framework for understanding integrable systems within these advanced superalgebras [6]. Another significant classification effort concentrates on all 3-dimensional Hom-Lie algebras defined over an algebraically closed field. This comprehensive classification offers a fundamental building block, crucial for unraveling the struc-

ture and properties of higher-dimensional Hom-Lie algebras, which are pivotal for subsequent theoretical advancements [7].

Moreover, the research explores Hom-pre-Lie-triple systems and their inherent relationship with Hom-Lie-triple systems. This line of inquiry investigates the structures and properties of these algebraic systems, effectively generalizing the classical pre-Lie-Lie-triple systems and Lie-triple systems within the broader context of Hom-algebras [8]. The utility of Hom-Nijenhuis operators is further demonstrated in their application to Hom-Lie conformal algebras. This research introduces and studies these operators, exploring their characteristics and their connections to deformation processes. This represents a generalization of classical Nijenhuis operators to the Hom-algebra setting, offering valuable mechanisms for constructing novel Hom-Lie conformal algebras and for deciphering their inherent structures [9].

Finally, a foundational contribution involves defining and investigating Hom-representations of Hom-Lie algebras, alongside the construction of their universal enveloping Hom-algebras. This work establishes a fundamental link between Hom-Lie algebras and Hom-associative algebras, a connection indispensable for extending core concepts of classical Lie theory into the sophisticated framework of Hom-algebras [10]. Collectively, these studies paint a comprehensive picture of the dynamic and evolving landscape of Hom-algebra theory, from their fundamental definitions and classifications to their complex cohomology, deformation, and representation theories, laying groundwork for future mathematical and physical applications.

Description

The provided research outlines a diverse and significant exploration into the field of Hom-algebras, with a particular emphasis on Hom-Lie algebras and their numerous generalizations. These investigations collectively advance the understanding of these complex algebraic structures, which are critical in modern mathematics and theoretical physics. A key area of focus is the development of cohomology theory for Hom-Lie color algebras. This work involves constructing a differential graded Lie algebra structure and a related L-infinity algebra. This theoretical framework is vital for understanding how these algebraic structures deform, providing a systematic approach to analyzing their stability and perturbations [1].

Another important facet of this research concerns the deformation theory of Hom-Lie color algebras, specifically through the lens of the Hom-Nijenhuis operator. This investigation identifies clear relationships between these operators and trivial deformations. Such findings offer new perspectives on the rigidity of these

generalized algebraic structures, helping mathematicians understand when they maintain their form versus when they transform under certain operations [2]. Parallel to this, the representation theory of Hom-Lie algebras is thoroughly explored. This involves examining how representations themselves deform, which is fundamental to grasping how these generalized Lie algebras act upon vector spaces. This understanding is particularly crucial for bridging abstract algebra with practical applications, especially in physics [3]. The work further broadens cohomology theory to Hom-Lie-Yamaguti algebras, which are more generalized systems featuring a ternary bracket structure. This extension includes developing the relevant cohomology complex and studying deformations, thus providing a unified and comprehensive approach to these intricate algebraic systems [4].

Beyond deformation and cohomology, the collection also features essential classification work. One study focuses on Hom-Lie algebras that admit a finite-dimensional simple quotient. This research meticulously classifies specific types of these algebras, revealing their unique structural properties. Such classifications are invaluable for distinguishing various Hom-Lie algebras and for developing specific analytical tools applicable to their study [5]. In a similar vein, a detailed classification effort provides a comprehensive breakdown of all 3-dimensional Hom-Lie algebras over an algebraically closed field. This foundational classification is indispensable for future research, serving as a building block for understanding the more complex structures of higher-dimensional Hom-Lie algebras [7]. These classification studies provide a concrete basis for further theoretical advancements in the field.

The research also extends to the introduction of advanced concepts like Hom-Lie superbialgebras and the Hom-Lie super-Yang-Baxter equation. These concepts extend fundamental algebraic structures from classical Lie algebras into the more generalized Hom-Lie superalgebra setting. This development offers a robust theoretical framework crucial for understanding integrable systems within these generalized superalgebras [6]. Furthermore, investigations into Hom-pre-Lie-triple systems and their connections to Hom-Lie-triple systems contribute to a broader understanding of how classical algebraic systems generalize within the Hom-algebra context [8]. The application of Hom-Nijenhuis operators is also explored in the context of Hom-Lie conformal algebras. This particular study outlines the properties and relationships of these operators with deformations, essentially generalizing classical Nijenhuis operators to the Hom-algebra framework. This provides powerful new tools for constructing novel Hom-Lie conformal algebras and for analyzing their inherent structures [9].

Finally, a significant contribution involves the definition and study of Hom-representations of Hom-Lie algebras, culminating in the construction of their universal enveloping Hom-algebras. This work establishes a critical link between Hom-Lie algebras and Hom-associative algebras. This connection is fundamental for successfully extending core concepts of classical Lie theory into the specialized setting of Hom-algebras [10]. Taken together, these papers represent a substantial and cohesive body of work, enhancing the theoretical understanding of Hom-algebras, their diverse structures, and their potential applications across various scientific domains.

Conclusion

This collection of research explores the expansive field of Hom-algebra structures, focusing primarily on Hom-Lie algebras and their various generalizations. The papers delve into critical areas like cohomology theory, deformation mechanisms, and representation theory. Significant work is done on Hom-Lie color algebras, constructing differential graded Lie algebra structures and L-infinity algebras to understand deformations. Similarly, deformations of these structures are investigated through Hom-Nijenhuis operators, revealing insights into their rigidity. The

research extends cohomology and deformation studies to more intricate systems such as Hom-Lie-Yamaguti algebras, providing a unified approach to these complex algebraic frameworks.

Furthermore, studies classify specific types of Hom-Lie algebras, including 3-dimensional ones over algebraically closed fields and those with finite-dimensional simple quotients. This classification work is fundamental for building a deeper understanding of their underlying structures. The introduction of Hom-Lie superbialgebras and the Hom-Lie super-Yang-Baxter equation broadens the scope to integrable systems within generalized superalgebras. Another area of focus involves Hom-pre-Lie-triple systems and their connection to Hom-Lie-triple systems, extending classical concepts. Research also explores Hom-Nijenhuis operators on Hom-Lie conformal algebras, providing tools for constructing new algebras and understanding their properties. Finally, the work establishes a foundational link between Hom-Lie algebras and Hom-associative algebras by defining Hom-representations and constructing universal enveloping Hom-algebras, essential for generalizing classical Lie theory. Together, these papers significantly advance the theoretical understanding of Hom-algebras and their numerous applications.

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Conflict of Interest

None.

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