

ISSN: 0974-7230

<u>2</u>020

Vol.13 No.6

E-BABE- A comprehensive framework of gene prioritization for flooding tolerance in soybean

Chung Feng Kao*, Yun-Chen Du, Hao-Ling Chu, Mu-Chien Lai, Li-Hsin Jhan

National Chung Hsing University, Taichung, Taiwan

Abstract

 $\mathbf{S}_{\mathrm{oybean}}$ [Glycine max (L.) Merr] is rich in protein and oil,

which is one of the most important crops around the world. Drastic and extreme changes in global climate has led to decreasing production of crops, deterioration of quality, increasing plant diseases and insect pests, which resulted in economic losses. Facing such a harsh circumstance, a seed which is less susceptible to stresses, both abiotic and biotic, is urgently needed. The present study proposes a comprehensive framework, including phenotype-genotype data mining, integration analysis, gene prioritization and systems biology, to construct prioritized genes of flooding tolerance (FTgenes) in soybean to develop a fast-precision breeding platform for variety selection of important traits in soybean. We applied big data analytic strategies to mine flooding tolerance related data in soybean, both phenomic and genomic, from cloud-based text mining across different data sources in the NCBI. We conducted meta-analysis and gene mapping to integrate huge information collected from multiple dimensional data sources. We developed a prioritization algorithm to precisely prioritize a collection of candidate-genes of flooding tolerance. As a result, 219 FTgenes were selected, based on the optimal cutoff-point of combined score, from 35,970 prioritized genes of soybean. We found the FTgenes were significantly enriched with response to wounding, chitin, water deprivation, abscisic acid, ethylene and jasmonic acid biosynthetic process pathways, which play important role in biosynthesis of plant hormone in soybean. Our results provide valuable information for further studies breeding in commercial varietie.



Biography:

Chung-Feng Kao has completed his PhD at the age of 36 years from Lancaster University (UK) and postdoctoral studies from National Taiwan University (Taiwan). He is the assistant professor of National Chung Hsing University. He has published more than 30 papers in reputed journals and has been serving as an editorial board member of Frontiers.

Speaker Publications:

1. Bhan, V.M. 1994. Herbicidcs resistance against weeds – a growing menace in India. Weed News 1: 7–9.

2. Brar, S.S., Kumar, S., Brar, L.S. and Walia, S.S. 1998. Effect of crop residue management systems on the

grain yield and efficacy of herbicides in rice–wheat sequence. Indian Journal of Weed Science 30: 39–43.

3. Chandrakumar, S.S., Nanjappa, H.V., Ramachandrappa, B.K. and Kumar, H.M. Prasad. 2002. Weed management through soil solarization in sunflower. Indian Journal of Weed Science 34: 231–235.

4. Chauhan, B.S. and Yadav, A. 2013. Weed management approaches for dry–seeded rice in India: a review. Indian Journal of Weed Science 5: 1–6.

5. Chinnusamy, C., Senthil, A., Kumar, G.P. and Prabhakaran, N.K. 2010. Identification of threshold level of horse purslane in irrigated cowpea. Indian Journal of Weed Science 42

7th International Conference on Big Data Analysis and Data Mining - July 17-18, 2020 Webinar.

Abstract Citation:

Chung-Feng Kao, E-BABE- A comprehensive framework of gene prioritization for flooding tolerance in soybean Data Mining 2020, 7th International Conference on Big Data Analysis and Data Mining – July 17-18, 2020 Webinar.

(https://datamining.expertconferences.org/speaker/2020/chungfeng-kao-national-chung-hsing-university-taichung-taiwan)

