

Awareness, attitudes study during the outbreak of COVID-19: A cross-sectional survey

*Praneeth Janagani**

Department of analysis, St.peters Institute of Pharmaceutical, Hanamkonda, Warangal Urban, Telangana

*Corresponding author: *Praneeth Janagani*, Department of analysis, St.peters Institute of Pharmaceutical, Hanamkonda, Warangal Urban, Telangana, Tel: +91 8686390001; E-mail: Praneethjanagani25@gmail.com

Abstract

Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) is a highly contagious disease that spreads rapidly through human-to-human transmission. On 5 March, the Palestinian Government declared a state of emergency in order to curb the spread of the virus.

Introduction

Coronavirus disease 2019, known as COVID-19, is an infectious respiratory disease caused by the novel SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus. Since its emergence in Wuhan, China in December 2019, SARS-CoV-2 has spread rapidly around the globe and has ultimately been declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organization (WHO). New cases and deaths are reported worldwide, with current estimated mortality rates of around 7.2 per cent in Italy, 0.2 per cent in Palestine and 3.7 per cent worldwide, still much lower than the SARS, MERS and H7N9 mortality rates (34.4 per cent, 39.0 per cent, and 9.5 per cent, respectively). As of 15 May 2020, 4,307,287 cases and 295,101 deaths have been reported worldwide (WHO, 2020).

Awareness

Avoid going out unnecessary, about covid 19, don't ignore government issued advice.

Clean and disinfect surface regularly, eat health food it contains proteins, vitamins.

Avoid common greetings, such as a handshake.

Pary Stay at home, unless you have to go to work

Poly Avoid all non-essential trips.

Pary don't gather in groups

No limit contact with people at higher risk, such as the elderly

Adults and people in poor health

PARY If you leave your home, always keep a distance away from your home.

Less than 2 arms lengths from the others

PARY Avoid crowded places and non-essential gatherings

Cover your mouth

Don't be panic

attraction place in Paris is the Eiffel Tower. Paris is home to ancient memorials such as Bastille, Louvre, Notre Dame and many more. The river Seine divide up the city into Rive Gauche

on the south banks of the river and Rive Droite on the north.

Discussion

In our study, we found that the majority of participants had a good knowledge base on COVID19, which is consistent with other studies conducted worldwide. The results of the study also indicate that there is a statistically significant difference in the extent to which knowledgeable men and women know what practices can lead to the transmission of COVID-19.