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Applied Physics 2019: Particle physics as systems theory - Igor Makarov - Independent Researcher

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New strategy, foundational instinct, uncovers: There are two basic particles virtual electron and positron; their connection brings forth virtual positronium portrayed by energy; positroniums trade photons and gain states (composiums) with complex energy; there exists ether comprising of composiums and depicted by relationship work; ether creates unexpectedly mesons and neutrons; infinite beams are its appropriate radiation; their information empowered us to assess qualities of ether and measurements of particles; sweep of genuine electron about 0.01 fm; neutron is straight framework with ceaselessly conveyed boundaries; H-molecule is direct framework with lumped boundaries; it comprises of three quarks portrayed by genuine symmetric grids; their representatives compare to gluons; embodiment of atomic collaboration is protection of energy by change of electric energy to attractive one and the other way around in iotas of deuterium (D-iota); everything molecules can be demonstrated by electric RLC-circuits; energized by photons, molecules and neutrons react with neutrinos; atomic design develops by shells comprising of Dparticles; there are He-shell (2-shell), octahedral shell (8-shell), icosahedral shell (18-shell), twofold icosahedral shell (36-shell) and three opposite shells of 18, 8 and 2 D-particles; extra neutrons perform between shell communication; construction of U-iota is piece of implied design of H-molecule; entire hypothesis is really General System Theory; its reflection makes it conceivable to change any crucial science, including humanities, into genuine science, change science; that is appeared by improving legislative issues into genuine basic science, international affairs: hypothesis clears approach to settling present general philosophical emergency, transforming current culture.

Present day molecule physical science research is centered around subatomic particles, including nuclear constituents, for example, electrons, protons, and neutrons (protons and neutrons are composite particles called baryons, made of quarks), created by radioactive and dissipating measures, for example, photons, neutrinos, and muons, just as a wide scope of fascinating particles. Elements of particles are additionally represented by quantum mechanics; they show wave-molecule duality, showing molecule like conduct under certain exploratory conditions and wave-like conduct in others. In more specialized terms, they are depicted by quantum state vectors in a Hilbert space, which is additionally treated in quantum field hypothesis. Following the show of molecule physicists, the term rudimentary particles is applied to those particles that are,

as per current agreement, ventured to be unbreakable and not made out of different particles.

All particles and their cooperation's saw to date can be portrayed on the whole by a quantum field hypothesis called the Standard Model. The Standard Model, as presently defined, has 61 rudimentary particles. Those rudimentary particles can join to shape composite particles, representing the many different types of particles that have been found since the 1960s.

The Standard Model has been found to concur with practically all the test tests led to date. Notwithstanding, most molecule physicists accept that it is a deficient portrayal of nature and that a more basic hypothesis anticipates revelation (See Theory of Everything). As of late, estimations of neutrino mass have given the main trial deviations from the Standard Model, since neutrinos are massless in the Standard Model.

The present status of the grouping of all rudimentary particles is clarified by the Standard Model, which acquired far reaching acknowledgment during the 1970s after test affirmation of the presence of quarks. It depicts the solid, powerless, and electromagnetic major communications, utilizing interceding measure bosons. The types of check bosons are eight gluons, W-, W+ and Z bosons, and the photon] The Standard Model likewise contains 24 principal fermions (12 particles and their related enemies of particles), which are the constituents of all matter. Finally, the Standard Model additionally anticipated the presence of a sort of boson known as the Higgs boson. On 4 July 2012, physicists with the Large Hadron Collider at CERN declared they had discovered another molecule that carries on correspondingly to what exactly is normal from the Higgs boson.