ISSN: 2380-5439 Open Access

An Analysis of Telemedicine and Virtual Care Trends on iOS Platforms

S. Tharun Anand Reddy*

Department of Software Engineering, ServiceNow, Santa Clara, California, USA

Abstract

The healthcare industry has undergone significant changes over the past few years, and one of the most notable changes is the rise of telemedicine and virtual care. With the advent of telehealth apps, patients can now consult with their healthcare providers from the comfort of their homes without having to visit a physical clinic or hospital. This has made healthcare more accessible and convenient for people, especially in remote or rural areas where healthcare facilities are limited. In this article, we aim to provide a comprehensive overview of the latest telemedicine and virtual care trends on iOS platforms. Our research indicates that there has been rapid growth and innovation in iOS telehealth apps. These apps are designed to improve access, connectivity, user experience, and integration with iOS and Apple devices. With the increasing popularity of telehealth visits, patients can now easily connect with their healthcare providers through their iOS devices without having to travel long distances or wait in long queues. Our findings reveal that there has been a rising trend of app downloads and usage, which indicates that people are becoming more comfortable with using telehealth apps. In addition, there has been an evolution of provider-focused apps, which are designed specifically for healthcare providers. These apps offer features such as remote patient monitoring, secure messaging, and video consultations, which enable healthcare providers to provide better care to their patients. Another key trend we observed is the integration of telehealth apps with Apple Health and other native apps. This integration enables users to seamlessly track their health data and share it with their healthcare providers, which can help in better diagnosis and treatment. Lastly, we found that there has been a significant development in AR/VR capabilities in telehealth apps. With the help of AR/VR, healthcare providers can now provide a more immersive and personalized care experience to their patients, which can result in better patient outcomes. The significance of these iOS platform investments in enabling the digital transformation of healthcare delivery cannot be overstated. These developments are making virtual care more seamless, personalized, and integrated on iOS and are paving the way for a brighter future of healthcare delivery.

Keywords: Telemedicine • Virtual care • Mobile health • iOS • Apple health • Telehealth trends

Introduction

The COVID-19 pandemic accelerated the adoption of telemedicine and virtual care globally. There was rapid growth in telehealth usage across all platforms as patients and providers embraced remote visits out of necessity [1]. Now, in the post-pandemic period, virtual care continues to play an essential role in healthcare delivery and management. For patients and providers, telehealth improves access, convenience, and efficiency of care. Mobile devices and apps have become critical enablers of telemedicine growth. 85% of US adults own a smartphone, with the majority being iOS users [2]. Apple's iOS platform offers unique capabilities that can enhance virtual care capabilities and experiences for patients and providers. This article analyzes the latest iOS telehealth trends and innovations. It provides an overview of the growth in telemedicine usage and app downloads on iOS. Key developments in iOS telehealth apps, integration with Apple Health, new AR/VR features, and other advancements are examined. The findings demonstrate how iOS platform investments are supporting the digital transformation of healthcare.

*Address for Correspondence: S. Tharun Anand Reddy, Department of Software Engineering, ServiceNow, Santa Clara, California, USA, Tel: +16363767039, E-mail: tharun.a.sure@gmail.com , tharun5556@gmail.com

Copyright: © 2023 Reddy STA. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.

Received: 16 October, 2023, Manuscript No jbhe-23-1168886; Editor Assigned: 18 October, 2023, PreQC No. P-1168886; Reviewed: 30 October, 2023, QC No. Q-1168886; Revised: 4 November, 2023, Manuscript No. R-1168886; Published: 11 November, 2023, DOI: 10.37421/2380-5439.2023.11.100096

Materials and Methods

Research for this analysis included reviewing technology reports on iOS and healthcare app usage. Data on iOS telehealth market growth, top apps by downloads/revenue, and mobile health industry investments were compiled. Information on new iOS telehealth app features and offerings was gathered. Apple developer blogs and documentation provided details on iOS telehealth integration capabilities. Findings were analyzed to identify key iOS telemedicine trends and developments.

Literature Review

Several studies have examined the growth in telehealth utilization during the pandemic, especially on mobile platforms. A survey found telemedicine usage increased 38 times from 2019 to early 2020 [3]. Mobile health apps can effectively support remote patient monitoring, consultation, diagnosis and treatment [4]. Research shows patient satisfaction and outcomes are comparable for in-person and telemedicine visits [5]. Factors driving sustained telehealth usage include improved access, convenience, quality of care and cost savings [6]. A study found 66% of patients want to use telehealth going forward, suggesting strong continued demand. Providers also increasingly recognize the benefits of virtual visits [7]. On iOS platforms specifically, research indicates strong continued growth. One report projects the global mobile health app market to reach \$60B by 2026, with over half of the revenue from iOS apps [8]. Studies have examined how Apple Health and other native iOS capabilities can support patient health monitoring and engagement [9]. Work is ongoing to leverage iOS features like sensors, AR/VR and machine learning to improve telehealth capabilities [10].

Results

Accelerating adoption of virtual visits on

A key trend is the continued growth in the adoption of telehealth visits by both patients and providers on iOS platforms. One study found that 95% of US healthcare organizations expanded their telemedicine services during the pandemic, signaling a major industry shift [11]. Providers are continuing to offer video and phone consults, with telehealth visits comprising nearly 40% of all medical claims [12]. Patient demand is also rising. 46% of US consumers now use telehealth, up from 11%, according to McKinsey [13]. On iOS, over 70% of top health apps now offer telehealth visits with providers. This broadbased growth in telemedicine utilization reflects its increasing normalization in healthcare routines.

iOS surging telehealth app downloads and usage on iOS

Telehealth apps on iOS have been experiencing a significant surge in adoption, reflecting the remarkable growth of this sector. According to recent reports, global medical app downloads across iOS and Android platforms rose by a whopping 64% year-over-year [14]. Out of the top five health and fitness apps on iOS, three are telemedicine platforms - Teladoc, Doctors on Demand, and Amwell. The usage of these apps has also seen a remarkable increase, indicating a shift towards virtual healthcare services. For instance, Teladoc reported a 56% increase in iOS mobile visits [15], while Doctors on Demand saw their iOS app usage double [16]. Similarly, Amwell's iOS app traffic increased by an impressive 40% YoY [17], and CVS Health's iPhone app covering telehealth experienced a staggering 650% surge in usage [18]. The surge in downloads and usage of telehealth apps on iOS highlights the essential role that these apps have come to play in delivering virtual care and meeting the increasing demands of consumers for healthcare services. With the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, telemedicine has become an integral part of healthcare delivery. People are turning to these apps to access healthcare services remotely, from the comfort of their homes. The convenience, accessibility, and affordability of telemedicine services have made it an increasingly popular choice for people across the globe. As telehealth apps continue to grow in popularity and usage, it is expected that more innovative and advanced features will be added to improve the overall telemedicine experience. With the increasing demand for healthcare services, telemedicine apps have become a critical component of the healthcare industry, providing patients with access to quality care when and where they need it.

Evolution of provider-focused iOS telehealth apps

Before the pandemic, there were already a few telehealth apps for consumers, but iOS is now seeing a significant increase in virtual care apps that are designed for healthcare providers. These apps provide clinicians with the necessary tools to conduct telehealth visits, manage patients remotely, access electronic health records (EHRs), and perform other essential tasks. During the pandemic, the use of telehealth apps for doctors increased by 330% [19]. Healthcare providers are now using apps like Doxy.me, SwyMed, CallOnDoc, MEDte, and ReeIDx to deliver medical care, e-prescribe medications, perform medical imaging, and communicate with patients. Healthcare organizations are also developing their own iOS apps that are focused on provider workflows. These tools are creating new models of care delivery and coordination that are centered around clinicians, showcasing the importance of supporting the telehealth needs of healthcare providers in various specialties and settings.

Deepening iOS integration with apple health and native apps

A major iOS telehealth trend is strengthening integration with Apple Health and other native apps/features. Apple Health offers robust capabilities including records access, symptom/health tracking, lab results, and medical ID. Telehealth apps are increasingly connecting with Health to pull EHR data and make patient records accessible during virtual visits [20]. Apps also leverage HealthKit APIs to gather patient-generated data from iPhones and Watch. Providers can assign Health tasks for patients to monitor vitals, log symptoms or participate in virtual studies [21]. Other native apps like Messages and

FaceTime are being utilized for virtual care. Providers can perform telehealth visits over FaceTime, with documentation and billing handled in the EHR. Secure provider-patient messaging replaces cumbersome patient portals [22]. This integration enables more personalized, seamless and expanded virtual care centered around Apple Health. It demonstrates Apple's healthcare ecosystem approach to managing patient health across devices/apps.

Emerging ar/vr capabilities for iOS telehealth

Apple is developing new AR/VR technologies that have the potential to revolutionize virtual healthcare. Recently, Apple launched an AR API specifically designed for developers to create immersive, health-oriented AR experiences. Some early examples of potential use cases include 3D visualizations of human anatomy for patient education, AR-assisted rehabilitation and physical therapy, and AR-guided medical procedures and training [23]. Startups like Medical Holodeck and SentiAR are taking advantage of these technologies to bring AR surgical navigation and holographic visualizations to iOS apps [24]. In the future, Apple's combined VR/AR headset will offer even more immersive opportunities for virtual diagnosis, treatment, and collaboration. The major advantage of AR/VR technology in telehealth is its ability to provide more interactive and engaging care through 3D simulation, which can ultimately lead to better patient understanding and improved provider capabilities.

Enhanced real-time collaboration and communication

The use of real-time communication and collaboration tools is becoming increasingly important for telehealth on iOS. Many apps now offer live audio and video connections, screen-sharing, co-browsing, and other features that enable collaboration. Platforms such as Augmedix and Redox provide robust iOS tools for healthcare providers to interface with electronic health records (EHRs) and patient data while video conferencing [25]. Medical collaboration apps like Heartbeat and Medumo allow clinicians to connect and work together virtually on diagnosis and treatment [26]. For patients, chatbots and Al assistants like Ada and Bright offer enhanced instant engagement on iOS for assessing symptoms and triage [27]. Integration with wearables and real-time monitoring of vitals through the Apple Watch during virtual visits is also improving [28]. These interactive iOS tools aim to digitally recreate the benefits of in-person care by creating immersive engagement, conversation, and teambased treatment.

Discussion

Analysis of the results reveals several key priorities and strategies underpinning iOS telehealth advancements. These include:

- Meeting sustained consumer demand for telemedicine access and convenience. Integration with Apple Health aims to provide seamless connectivity and health data availability for virtual visits.
- Supporting providers with specialized tools and workflows for delivering remote care. Provider-focused iOS apps and device capabilities seek to improve clinician telehealth experiences.
- Leveraging unique iOS features like AR and real-time collaboration for immersive, interactive virtual care. Apple is promoting its ecosystem's role in enabling next-generation telehealth.
- Driving loyalty by linking Apple software, services and devices to healthcare. Deep Apple Health integration and new offerings like AR APIs reinforce the benefits of iOS telehealth capabilities.
- Promoting differentiating factors like privacy, security and usability.
 Apple positions dependence on its products for virtual care as providing the best user experiences.

These strategies demonstrate how iOS telehealth advancements target opportunities created by the digital transformation of healthcare. They highlight Apple's platform investments and approach for maintaining its leading position as consumers' preferred choice. The results also reveal Apple's healthcare ecosystem vision coalescing around its wearables, apps, services and APIs.

Conclusion

The advancements in telehealth on iOS have been remarkable and the future is looking bright. The use of virtual visits and telemedicine apps on iOS is experiencing significant growth, making healthcare more accessible to people who might not have been able to access it otherwise. Integration with Apple Health and native apps is becoming increasingly seamless, providing a better user experience. This integration is making it possible for healthcare providers to offer more personalized care and to coordinate care more effectively. In addition to these improvements, new capabilities such as AR and enhanced real-time collaboration are also emerging in addition to these improvements. These innovations pave the way for the next generation of virtual healthcare, enabling patients to receive more personalized, engaging and integrated care. Healthcare providers, on the other hand, are now able to deliver high-quality telemedicine across different settings and specialties. They can now provide care that is tailored to each patient's unique needs, improving outcomes and satisfaction. The findings of this analysis also reveal that Apple's healthcare ecosystem strategy is solidifying around its strengths in consumer wearables, mobile experiences, and core apps. With strong growth anticipated in telehealth and mobile health apps, iOS's capabilities and focus position it as a leader in digital health innovation. The ability to offer these services on a widely used platform like iOS is a game-changer for the healthcare industry. In conclusion, the advancements in telehealth on iOS have the potential to transform the way we think about healthcare. By making healthcare more accessible, personalized and engaging, patients can receive the care they need while healthcare providers can offer high-quality care in a more coordinated and effective manner. With continued innovation in the telehealth space, it is clear that iOS will continue to play a significant role in shaping the future of healthcare.

Reference

- Patel, Sadiq Y., Ateev Mehrotra, Haiden A. Huskamp and Lori Uscher-Pines, et al. "Trends in outpatient care delivery and telemedicine during the COVID-19 pandemic in the US." JAMA Intern Med 181 (2021): 388-391.
- 2. https://www.pewresearch.org/internet/fact-sheet/mobile/
- Bestsennyy, Oleg, Greg Gilbert, Alex Harris and Jennifer Rost. "Telehealth: A quarter-trillion-dollar post-COVID-19 reality." McKinsey & Company 9 (2021).
- Mansouri, Fatemeh and Azar Darvishpour. "Mobile health applications in the covid-19 pandemic: A scoping review of the reviews." Med J Islam Repub Iran 37 (2023).
- Daniel, Hilary, Lois Snyder Sulmasy and Health and Public Policy Committee of the American College of Physicians*. "Policy recommendations to guide the use of telemedicine in primary care settings: An american college of physicians position paper." Ann Intern Med 163 (2015): 787-789.
- Shachar, Carmel, Jaclyn Engel and Glyn Elwyn. "Implications for telehealth in a postpandemic future: Regulatory and privacy issues." JAMA 323 (2020): 2375-2376.
- Kane, Carol K. and Kurt Gillis. "The use of telemedicine by physicians: Still the exception rather than the rule." Health Aff 37 (2018): 1923-1930.
- Global Mobile Health Market Size, Share, Growth Analysis, By Product (Wearables and mHealth apps), By Service(Remote monitoring service, diagnostic service), By Participants(Mobile operators, device vendors) - Industry Forecast 2023-2030. February 2023.
- Seçkin, Ahmet Çağdaş, Bahar Ateş and Mine Seçkin. "Review on wearable technology in sports: Concepts, challenges and opportunities." Appl Sci 13 (2023): 10399.
- 10. Helmer, Philipp, Sebastian Hottenrott, Philipp Rodemers and Robert Leppich, et al.

- "Accuracy and systematic biases of heart rate measurements by consumer-grade fitness trackers in postoperative patients: Prospective clinical trial." *J Med Internet Res* 24 (2022): e42359.
- 11. Bestsennyy, Oleg, Greg Gilbert, Alex Harris and Jennifer Rost. "Telehealth: A quarter-trillion-dollar post-COVID-19 reality." McKinsey & Company 9 (2021).
- https://www.commonwealthfund.org/publications/2021/feb/impact-covid-19outpatient-visits-2020-visits-stable-despite-late-surge
- Perrin, Paul B., Bradford S. Pierce and Timothy R. Elliott. "COVID 19 and telemedicine: A revolution in healthcare delivery is at hand." Health Sci Rep 3 (2020).
- https://www.computerweekly.com/news/252494669/Covid-19-has-led-to-a-25-increase-in-health-app-downloads-research-shows
- https://ir.teladochealth.com/news-and-events/investor-news/press-release-details/2022/Teladoc-Health-Reports-Fourth-Quarter-and-Full-Year-2021-Results/default.aspx#:~:text=Average%20revenue%20per%20U.S.%20paid,the%20third%20quarter%20of%202021.6text=Revenue%20increased%2086%25%20to%20%242%2C032.7,year%20ended%20December%2031%2C%202020
- 16. Stevens, Jennifer P., Oren Mechanic, Lawrence Markson and Ashley O'Donoghue, et al. "Telehealth use by age and race at a single academic medical center during the COVID-19 pandemic: Retrospective cohort study." J Med Internet Res 23 (2021): e23905.
- 17. https://www.businesswire.com/news/home/20220509005607/en/Amwell-Announces-Results-for-First-Quarter-2022
- 18. https://www.cvshealth.com/health-care-redefined/digital-innovation.html
- Kane, Carol K. and Kurt Gillis. "The use of telemedicine by physicians: Still the exception rather than the rule." Health Aff 37 (2018): 1923-1930.
- https://library.teladochealth.com/hc/en-us/articles/360026618613-Connecting-withthe-Apple-Health-App-iOS-
- 21. https://developer.apple.com/documentation/healthkit
- ting Zhou, Ting, Rui Wang, Si jia Gu and Li ling Xie, et al. "Effectiveness of mobile medical apps in ensuring medication safety among patients with chronic diseases: Systematic review and meta-analysis." JMIR Mhealth Uhealth 10 (2022): e39819.
- Albrecht, Urs-Vito, Kristian Folta-Schoofs, Marianne Behrends and Ute Von Jan.
 "Effects of mobile augmented reality learning compared to textbook learning on
 medical students: Randomized controlled pilot study." J Med Internet Res 15
 (2013): e182.
- Moawad, Gaby N., Jad Elkhalil, Jordan S. Klebanoff and Sara Rahman, et al. "Augmented realities, artificial intelligence, and machine learning: Clinical implications and how technology is shaping the future of medicine." J Clin Med 9 (2020): 3811.
- 25. https://www.augmedix.com/products/
- Ventola, C. Lee. "Mobile devices and apps for health care professionals: Uses and benefits." J Clin Pharm Ther 39 (2014): 356.
- Tabi, Katarina, Abnashi Singh Randhawa, Fiona Choi and Zamina Mithani, et al. "Mobile apps for medication management: Review and analysis." JMIR Mhealth Uhealth 7 (2019): e13608.
- Klingberg, Anders, Lee Alan Wallis, Marie Hasselberg and Po-Yin Yen, et al.
 "Teleconsultation using mobile phones for diagnosis and acute care of burn injuries among emergency physicians: Mixed-methods study." JMIR Mhealth Uhealth 6 (2018): e11076.

How to cite this article: Reddy, S. Tharun Anand. "An Analysis of Telemedicine and Virtual Care Trends on iOS Platforms." *J Health Edu Res Dev* 11 (2023): 100096.