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Microfluidic Diagnostic Systems for the Detection of Pathogenic Microorganisms

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Microfluidics based analysis shows distinctive advantages for fast detection of pathogenic microorganisms. Microfluidic methods use for purification and detection of pathogenic microorganisms capable of causing human or animal diseases, including viruses, bacteria, fungi, protozoa etc. They can be transferred from one host to another by air, body fluids, food, water, etc. causing public panic and economic losses. Rapid and accurate identification of pathogenic microorganisms is crucial in ensuring proper therapy. This current research directed towards developing microfluidic systems that are able to rapidly detect the presence of pathogens is use to detect and estimate the concentration of pathogens within water samples. This can be achieved by the detection and quantification of the following by whole pathogen cells, secondary metabolites released, consumed by the pathogen, the microfluidic systems have to overcome problems: that of low pathogen concentration and/or the presence of interferents. It is promising to make microfluidic chips as portable devices for ambient sampling to test environmental pollution, food contaminants, and body fluids.

Keywords: Microfluidic Diagnostic Systems, Detection, Pathogenic Microorganisms, Environmental monitoring.

Biography

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