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G-ROLS-general relativity model for oblate spheroidal plasma liquid stars

Chifu Ebenezer Ndikilar

Federal University Dutse, Nigeria

The complete form of the gravitational metric tensor of a spherically symmetric sphere containing a non compressible liquid is used to formulate a liquid star model. The removable space singularities at the Hilbert radius and in outer space are used to classify spherical liquid stars into three major groups as regular, neutron stars and pulsars and black holes. The metric tensor for an oblate spheroidal liquid star is formulated as an extension of the spherical liquid metric. A classification of stars based on inner and outer space breaking points is established.