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Preparation and lithium storage performance of C-GQDs/ α -Fe₂O₃ nanocomposites

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Electrodeposition technology was used to prepare α -Fe₂O₃ sheet-shaped nanoflowers (DMF: water=2:1) with morphological structure controllable by adjusting the ratio of electrolyte solvent (DMF and water). Further, a C-GQDs/ α -Fe₂O₃ composite was prepared by the secondary electrodeposition in which the coal-based graphene quantum dots (C-GQDs) were obtained from Taixi anthracite as electrolyte and α -Fe₂O₃ as a working electrode. The electrochemical performance of C-GQDs/ α -Fe₂O₃ as anode materials for lithium-ion batteries was tested. The results exhibited that the capacity of the composite reached 1582.5 mAh/g at a current density of 1 A/g, and about 1320 mAh/g of reversible capacity remained after 110 cycles. In addition, the composite maintained a capacity of 1091 mAh/g at high current density (5 A/g). The excellent cycling stability and rate performance are attributed to synergistic effect of the good conductivity of C-GQDs and α -Fe₂O₃ unique nanostructure distribution. It lays a foundation for the practical application value of lithium ion battery anode technology.

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