## conferenceseries.com

Ming-Yueh Tseng et al., J Nurs Care 2017, 6:4(Suppl)
DOI: 10.4172/2167-1168-C1-050

## 23rd World Nursing and Healthcare Conference

July 10-12, 2017 Berlin, Germany

## Survival: Key components of effectiveness strategies and needs to assist transition from student to newly qualified nurse

Ming-Yueh Tseng¹, Shiow-Li Hwang², Mei-Yao Ho¹, Wei-Shu Lai³ and Shu-Yun Tu¹

¹Meiho University, Taiwan

²Asia University, Taiwan

³National Cheng Kung University, Taiwan

The purpose of this study was to explore work adaption for newly graduated nurses during their first year of nursing career. A qualitative approach with narrative inquiry to nurses who were graduated in 2014 and clinical preceptor with purposive sampling and snow ball sampling. A total 18 newly graduated nurses and 4 clinical preceptors were recruited, each one completed interviews between 1 to 5 times. The results derived from this study would share the knowledge about "phenomenon of adaptation". Three stage of "phenomenon of adaptation" were: "challenge and changeable stage", "grow up stage", and "stabilization stage". In "challenge and changeable stage", the themes were revealed included a lack of support and belonging in clinical settings, insufficient career planning, insufficient nursing competences to handle various situations, challenge by various clinical situations, a lack of communication skills, value of nursing, clinical reasoning, and self-confidences. In regard to "grow up stage"; most new nurses were struggles with multiple work stress, caring severe patients and highly difficulties, and adjust the time lag with night shift. In "stabilization stage"; new nurses presented with confidence to nursing profession, recognize the hardness and achievement, fulfilled thankfulness, however, due to the hardness in nursing profession, some of them started to exam nursing career critically. The competence and preparation for newly graduated nurses would be in summed with 8 letters of alphabet: "SURVIVAL" which were "S (support network)", "U (useful tailored plan)", "R (resilience)", "V (vivid scenario)", "I (interdisciplinary communication)", "V (value of nursing)", "A (adjusting to environment)", and "L (learning by doing)". In suggestion, nursing school should reform curriculum, teaching strategies, and clinical practicum to enhance nursing students' clinical competence and preparation.

## Biography

Ming-Yueh	Tseng has completed	d her PhD in Nursing from	m Graduate Institute of	Clinical Medicine (	Chang Gung Unive	ersity. She is an Assista	ınt Professor in	Mei-Ho
University i	n Taiwan and has dor	ne her specialty is in Nu	rsing Education and Lo	ng-Term Care				

**Notes:**