Chiu Sze Fung, J Nephrol Ther 2017, 7:4 (Suppl)
DOI: 10.4172/2161-0959-C1-042

conferenceseries.com

12TH ANNUAL CONFERENCE ON

NEPHROLOGY & UROLOGY

JULY 06-07, 2017 KUALA LUMPUR, MALAYSIA

A kidney health study on Mornington Peninsula population

Chiu Sze Fung

Frankston Hospital, Australia

Akidney health check for the public was organised on World Kidney Day in 2015 and 2016 at Beleura Hospital, a private hospital in Mornington, Melbourne. The 8 hour event was run by doctors, nurses and volunteers. Blood pressure, height and weight were taken from each participant. A Q risk questionnaire was filled up. 183 participants in 2015 and 188 participants in 2016 took part in the event. 23% were diabetic in 2015 and 20% were diabetics in 2016. Half the participants (51%) were hypertensive in 2015 whereas 44% were hypertensive in the 2016 group. Cardiovascular disease was noted in 28% in 2015 and 21% in 2016. Overweight and obesity was common in this population. 36% was overweight and 35% was obese (noted in 2015). In 2016 overweight was noted in 38% and obesity in 26%. Smokers was taking up a mere 8% in 2015 and 6% in 2016.

The risk of developing chronic kidney disease in the next 5 years was higher in the diabetic group. (Noted in 2015). This again hold truth in the study in 2016. The risk of developing dialysis or transplant in the next 5 years was noted to be marginally higher in the diabetic participants. (Noted in both years)

The risk of developing chronic kidney disease in the next 5 years was noted higher in the participants with cardiovascular disease. (Noted in 2015 and 2016) The risk of developing chronic kidney disease in the next 5 years was noted higher in the participants with hypertension. (noted in 2015 and 2016). The risk of developing chronic kidney disease in the next 5 years was higher in the overweight and obese group as compared to normal weight group. (noted in both 2015 and 2016) In 2016 study, there was a steep increase in the risk of developing chronic kidney disease in 5 years in the obese group as compared to the overweight participants.

In summary, the risk of developing chronic kidney disease in the next 5 years was high in the participants with diabetes mellitus, hypertension, history of cardiovascular disease, overweight or obesity.

Biography

Chiu Sze Fung is presently working as a faculty of Medicine at Frankston Hospital, Victoria, Peninsula Private Hospital. She has earlier worked as a senior lecturer /Associate Professor at University Putra Malaysia.

alinda410@hotmail.com

TO I	4	
	OTES	•
Τ.4	ULUS	