Successful management of *Haemorrhagic septicemia* in a Holstein Friesian Cow: A case report

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A five year old pleuriparous cow was presented to the Veterinary Ambulatory clinic Mylardevpally with the history of reduced feed intake, reduced milk yield, salivation, cough, swelling of neck and bilateral mucopurulent nasal discharges. Upon clinical examination, the cow was dull and depressed with higher temperature, congested mucosal membranes, labored breathing and had ruminal atony (0/3 minutes). Blood smear examination revealed bipolar organisms. The cow was treated with Inj. Enrocin@5 mg/kg b.wt IV, Inj. Melonex power @ 3ml IM, Inj. Tribivet @ 12 ml i/m, Inj. DNS@1 litre slow IV. The above treatment was continued for 5 days and clinical improvement was noticed after 3 days.

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